

CE 2101 PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Teaching Scheme

Lecture : 3 Hrs/Week

Examination Scheme

In Semester : 25 Marks

End Semester : 50 Marks

Credits : 3

Prerequisite:

ES 1202 Fundamentals of Programming Languages - II

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the learners

- 1) To understand structural, computational and functional aspects regarding programming languages.
- 2) To understand and apply object-oriented principles for application development.
- 3) To develop programming applications using Java.
- 4) To understand language design concepts for procedural languages.
- 5) To analyse and evaluate pros and cons of various programming paradigms.

Course Outcome:

By taking this course, the learner will be able to

- 1) Understand object-oriented concepts with simple examples in C++, Java and python
- 2) Apply object-oriented principles for effective programming.
- 3) Develop simple programs using object-oriented programming language Java.
- 4) Analyse the strength and weakness of Java programming languages for effective and efficient program development.
- 5) Evaluate different programming paradigms for application development.

Unit 1: Introduction

(08)

Role of Programming Languages, Need to Study Programming Languages, Characteristics of a Good Programming Languages, Introduction to Various Programming Paradigms. Need of Object Oriented Paradigm, Basic Concepts of Object Oriented Programming (OOP), Benefits of OOP. General Characteristics for OOP, Concepts - Object, Classes, Messages, Methods. Class Identification, Object-Oriented as Abstract Data Type. Data Abstraction, Encapsulation, Polymorphism, Inheritance, Dynamic Binding, Abstract Classes, Interfaces, Generic Class, Run Time Type Identification.

Unit 2: Object-Oriented Programming with Java

(08)

Java History, Java Features, Java And Internet, Java Virtual Machine, Class, Object, Methods, Constructors, this Keyword. Garbage Collection, Finalize Method, Argument Passing, Function Overloading, Constructor Overloading. Access Control, Static, Final, Arrays, Inheritance, Base Class and Derived Class, Protected Members, Constructor in Derived Class. Concept of Polymorphism, Abstract Classes, Overriding Member Functions, Super Keyword.

Unit 3: Interfaces, Exception Handling and Collections

(06)

Interfaces, Package, Exception Fundamentals, Try, Catch, Throw, Throws, Finally, Built-In Exceptions, Custom Exceptions. Java Collection Framework Overview, Collection Interfaces, Collection Classes : ArrayList, Accessing Collection via Iterator. Basic Input Output in Java.

Unit 4: Language Design Concepts**(06)**

Programming Language Design, Programming Language Processing. Data Types: Primitive Data Types, Composite Data Types, Recursive Data Types, Implementation and Storage Representation of Data Types. Type Binding, Binding and Binding Times, Type Checking, Type Conversion, Expressions, Statements.

Unit 5: Procedural Programming**(08)**

Introduction to Procedures, Parameter Passing Methods, Lifetime of Variables, Scope Rules: Static and Dynamic Scope, Nested Scope, Procedure Call and Return, Recursive Sub-Program. Referencing Environment, Activation Records, Storage Management, Desirable and Undesirable Characteristics of Procedural Programming.

Unit 6: Functional Programming**(06)**

Introduction to Functional Programming, Lambda Calculus, Ambiguity, Free and Bound Identifiers, Reductions, Typed Lambda Calculus, Application of Functional Programming. Functional Programming with Python, Elements of Functional Programming, Function Declaration, Expression Evaluation, Type Checking.

Text Books:

1. Roosta S., "**Foundations of Programming Languages**", *Thomson, Brooke/Cole*, (India Edition) (2009).
2. Herbert Schildt, "**JAVA Complete Reference**", *Tata McGraw Hill*, (9th Edition), (2014).
3. David Mertz, "**Functional Programming in Python**", *O'Reilly*, (1st Edition), (2015).
4. Sethi R., "**Programming Languages concepts & constructs**", *Pearson Education*, (2nd Edition)(2007).

Reference Books:

1. Sebesta R., "**Concepts Of Programming Languages**", *Pearson Education*, (10th Edition)(2014).
2. Eckel B., "**Thinking in Java**", *Pearson Education*, (3rd Edition)
3. T. W. Pratt, "**Programming Languages**", *Prentice-Hall Of India*, (4th Edition),(2009).
4. Summerfield M, "**Programming In Python 3: A Complete Introduction to the Python Language**", *Pearson Education*. (2nd Edition) (2011).
5. Lutz M, "**Programming Python**", *SPD/O'reilly*, (4th Edition),(2015).
6. Allen Tucker, Robert Noonan, "**Programming Languages: Principles and Paradigms**", *Tata McGraw Hill*, (2nd edition),(2007).
7. Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, "**Programming Language Concepts**", 3rd Edition, *Wiley Publication*, ISBN : 978-81-265-1861-6.

CE 2102 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS I

Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 Hrs/Week

Tutorials: 1Hr/Week

Examination Scheme

In Semester : 50 Marks

End Semester : 50 Marks

Credits : 4

Prerequisite:

1. ES 1202 Fundamentals of Programming Language - II

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the learners:

1. To recall and understand the concepts of problem solving, algorithms and data structures.
2. To understand data representation, implementation and applications of linear data structures.
3. To analyze algorithms using time and space complexity.
4. To learn, apply and analyze various data searching and sorting techniques.

Course Outcomes:

By taking this course, the learner will be able to:

1. Design an algorithmic solution for given problem.
2. Distinguish between various linear data structures based on their representations and applications.
3. Analyze and compare algorithms using time and space complexity.
4. Classify various data searching and sorting algorithms.

Unit 1: Introduction to Algorithm, Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms (07)

Concept of Problem Solving, Introduction to Algorithms, Characteristics of Algorithms, Pseudo code and Flowchart , Abstract Data Types (ADT), Set as an ADT. Introduction to Data Structures, Classification of Data Structures. Frequency Count, Analyzing Algorithm using Frequency count, Time complexity and Space complexity of an Algorithm, Asymptotic notations, Best, Worst and Average case analysis of an Algorithm.

Unit 2: Linear Data Structures Using Sequential Organization (06)

Concept of Sequential Organization, Concept of Linear Data Structures, Array as an ADT, Storage Representation of an Array – Row major and Column major, Introduction to Multidimensional Arrays. Concept of Ordered List, Application: Polynomial as an ADT using Array. Introduction to Strings and operations on Strings. Concept of Sparse Representation of Sparse matrix, Sparse matrix operations.

Unit 3: Sorting and Searching Techniques (08)

Need of Sorting and Searching, Sorting Order and Stability in Sorting. Concept of Internal and External Sorting. Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort and Merge Sort, Time complexity analysis of Sorting Algorithms. Linear Search, Binary Search, Time complexity analysis of Searching Algorithms.

Unit 4: Linked List (08)

Concept of Linked List, Comparison of Sequential and Linked Organizations, Linked List using Dynamic Memory Management, Linked List as an ADT, Introduction to types of Linked List, Linked List operations. Time and Space complexity analysis of Linked List operations. Application: Polynomial as ADT using Linked List.

Unit 5: Stacks

(07)

Concept of Stack as an ADT, Representation and Implementation of Stack using Sequential and Linked Organization. Applications of Stack- Simulating Recursion using Stack, Arithmetic Expression Conversion and Evaluation, Reversing a String. Time complexity and Space complexity analysis of Stack operations.

Unit 6: Queues

(06)

Concept of Queue as an ADT, Representation and Implementation of Linear Queue, Circular Queue, Priority Queue, Double Ended Queue. Applications: Job scheduling, Queue simulation, Categorizing data. Time complexity and Space complexity analysis of Queue operations. Comparison of Linear Data Structures.

Text Books:

1. E. Horwitz , S. Sahani, D. Mehta, “**Fundamentals of Data Structures in C++**”, *University Press*, (1st edition) (2008).
2. R. Gilberg, B. Forouzan, “**Data Structures: A Pseudocode approach with C++**”, *Brooks* (1st Edition) (2001).

References:

1. Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J Augenstein, Aron M Tenenbaum, “**Data Structures using C and C++**” , *Pearson Education*, (2nd edition) (2009).
2. A. Aho, J. Hopcroft, J. Ulman, “**Data Structures and Algorithms**”, *Pearson Education*, (2nd edition) (2008) .
3. Brassard and Bratley, “**Fundamentals of Algorithmics**”, *Prentice Hall India/Pearson Education*, (1st edition) (2009).
4. Goodrich, Tamassia, Goldwasser, “**Data Structures and Algorithms in C++**”, *Wiley publication*, (2nd edition) (2011).
5. R. Gillberg, B. Forouzn, “**Data Structures: A Pseudocode approach with C**”, *Cenage Learning*, (2nd edition) (2003).
6. M. Weiss, “**Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++**”, *Pearson Education*, (4th edition) (2002).

Every student should perform 12 to 14 tutorials which will cover topics of all units mentioned in the syllabus of Data Structures and Algorithms I. Tutorial assignments will enhance the understanding of the concepts of problem solving, algorithms and data structures. Students will perform practice exercise on data representation and corresponding implementation of the data structures. Students will get opportunity to develop their logic building abilities.

List of Tutorial Assignments:

Following list of tutorials can be considered as guideline for designing tutorials:

1. Demonstration of C++ program implementation and execution using eclipse tool.
2. Design an algorithm for simple problems like GCD calculation, power calculation etc.
3. Calculate frequency count, time complexity of sample algorithmic constructs.
4. For given algorithms of array operation, write equivalent C++ code.
5. Practice exercise on sorting algorithms for set of predefined inputs.
6. Calculate time complexity of sorting algorithms using concept of frequency count.
7. Practice exercise on searching algorithms for set of predefined inputs.
8. Run through code of searching algorithms.
9. Create a linked list and write algorithms for traversal, delete a node, add node operations on a list.
10. Create a doubly or circular linked list and write algorithms for traversal, delete a node, add a node operations on a list.
11. Solve brain teaser based on recursive code snippets.
12. Demonstration on debugging techniques.

13. Select appropriate data structures and design algorithmic solution to given application.
14. Solve puzzles based on queue data structure.

CE 2103 DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Teaching Scheme

Lectures : 3 Hrs/Week

Tutorials : 1 Hr/Week

Examination Scheme

In Semester : 50 Marks

End Semester : 50 Marks

Credits : 4

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the learners

1. To understand Discrete Mathematics concepts and understand its significance in Computer Engineering.
2. To solve problems based on sets, functions and relations.
3. To understand the reasoning and apply it to solve problems.
4. To learn the basic properties of graphs and trees to find solutions of related applications.
5. To learn fundamentals of algebraic systems, permutation and combination.

Course Outcomes:

By taking this course, the learner will be able to

1. Apply contents of Discrete Mathematics in solving problems, formal proofs, reasoning and understand new concepts in Computer Engineering.
2. Solve problems using set, function, relation models and analyse relationship between elements of sets.
3. Understand basic terminologies of graphs and trees and apply it to solve problems on paper.
4. Understand the concepts of groups, rings, permutations and combinations.

Unit 1: Sets and Mathematical Induction

(07)

Significance of Discrete Mathematics in Computer Engineering, Sets, Subset, Universal Set, Empty Set, Algebra of Sets and Duality, Operations on Sets, Finite and Infinite Sets, Uncountably Infinite Sets, Multi-Sets, Power Set, Venn Diagram, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Principle of Mathematical Induction.

Unit 2: Logic and Propositional Calculus

(06)

Introduction to Propositional Logic, Propositions and Compound Propositions, Basic Logic Operations, Propositions and Truth Tables, Tautology and Contradiction, Logical Equivalences, Algebra of Propositions, Conditional and Bi-Conditional Statements, Logical Implications, Predicates and Quantifiers, Nested Quantifiers, First Order Logic, Normal Forms.

Unit 3: Groups, Rings and Permutations and Combinations

(08)

Algebraic Systems, Groups, Semi Groups, Monoids, Subgroups, Isomorphism and Homomorphism and Normal Subgroups, Introduction to Rings, Integral Domain and Field, Introduction to Permutations and Combinations.

Unit 4: Relations and Functions

(08)

Introduction to Relations, Product Sets, Pictorial Representation of Relations, Composition of Relations, Closure of Relations, Properties of Binary Relations, Equivalence Relations and Partitions, Partial Ordering Relations, Hasse Diagram, Lattices, Chains and Anti-Chains, Warshall's Algorithm, Functions, Composition of Functions, Invertible Functions, Discrete Numeric Functions and Generating Functions, Recurrence Relation.

Unit 5: Graph Theory

(07)

Basic Terminology, Multi-Graphs and Weighted Graphs, Sub-Graphs, Isomorphic Graphs, Complete, Regular and Bipartite Graphs, Operations on Graph, Factors of a Graph, Paths and

Circuits, Connectivity, Hamiltonian and Euler Paths and Circuits, Shortest Path in Weighted Graphs (Dijkstra's Algorithm), Planer Graph and Theorem, Graph Coloring Problem, Travelling Salesman Problem.

Unit 6: Trees

(06)

Basic Terminologies in Trees and Properties of Trees, Binary Search Trees, Tree Traversal, Spanning Trees, Fundamental Trees and Cut Sets, Minimal Spanning Trees, Kruskal's and Prim's Algorithms for Minimal Spanning Trees.

Text Books:

1. Kenneth H. Rosen, "**Discrete Mathematics and its Applications**", Sixth Edition, 2007, *Tata McGraw-Hill*, 2008, ISBN 978-0-07-288008-3.
2. C. L. Liu and D. P. Mohapatra, "**Elements of Discrete Mathematics**", Third Edition, *Tata McGraw-Hill*, 2012, ISBN 10: 1259006395 / 13: 9781259006395.

References:

1. Norman L. Biggs, "**Discrete Mathematics**", Second Edition, *Oxford University Press*, 2004, ISBN 0-19-850717-8.
2. J. P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, "**Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science**", 1997, *Tata McGraw-Hill*, ISBN 0-07-463113-6.
3. E. Goodaire and M. Parmenter, "**Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory**", third edition, *Pearson Education*, 2008, ISBN 81-7808-827-4.
4. B. Kolman, R. Busby and S. Ross, "**Discrete Mathematical Structures**", 6th Edition, *Pearson Education*, 2009, ISBN 81-7808-556-9.
5. N. Deo, "**Graph Theory with application to Engineering and Computer Science**", Eastern Economy Edition, *Prentice Hall of India*, 1990, 0-87692-145-4.
6. Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lars Lipson "**Discrete Mathematics**", 3rd Special Indian Edition, ISBN-13: 978-0-07-060174-1.

Every student should perform 12-14 tutorials which will cover topics of all units mentioned in the Syllabus of Discrete Mathematics.

Following list of tutorials can be considered as a guideline for designing tutorials in such a way that all topics should be distributed and covered amongst all batches.

List of Tutorial Assignments:

1. Problems on set, multi-set operations and algebra of sets.
2. Problems on Venn diagram.
3. Problems on Principle of Inclusion-Exclusion and Mathematical Induction.
4. Translating English statement into propositional logic.
5. Translating English statement into predicate logic.
6. Problems on groups.
7. Problems on permutation and combination.
8. Representation of relations and functions, closure of relations and equivalence relation.
9. Problems on partitions, posets, Hasse diagram and Lattices.
10. Problems on Warshall's Algorithm.
11. Problems on composition of functions, invertible functions, recurrence relation.
12. Problems on multi-graphs and weighted graphs, sub-graphs, isomorphic graphs.

13. Solve problems for shortest path in weighted graphs (Dijkstra's algorithm) : (Paper pencil method)
14. Give paper solution for minimal spanning trees, Kruskal's and Prim's algorithms for minimal spanning trees.

CE 2104 DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

Teaching Scheme:

Lectures : 3Hrs/Week

Tutorial : 1Hr/Week

Examination Scheme:

In Semester : 50 Marks

End Semester : 50 Marks

Credits : 4

Prerequisite:

1. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering II (ES1201)

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the learners

1. To understand the basic digital circuits and logic design.
2. To apply techniques for designing combinational and sequential circuits.
3. To understand the functional components of a computer and its organization.
4. To understand design issues of instructions and instruction pipelining.
5. To understand and classify memory and input/output organizations.

Course Outcomes:

By taking this course, the learner will be able to

1. Understand and apply the knowledge of basic digital circuits and logic design.
2. Recall and apply the knowledge of combinational and sequential digital circuits.
3. Understand the basic building blocks and their coordination in a computer organization.
4. Recall and classify the instructions and operands for a CPU.
5. Understand and compare memory and input/output organizations.

Unit 1: Combinational Circuits (08)

Minimization of Product of Sum(POS) and Sum of Product(SOP) Functions and Realization Using Logic Gates, Introduction to Numbers and Codes, BCD, Gray, Excess-3 and Their Applications, Code Conversion, Integer and Floating Point Number Representation, Signed and Unsigned Numbers, Arithmetic Operations, Introduction to Basic Arithmetic Logical Unit(ALU) and Floating Point Unit(FPU).

Unit 2: Combinational Logic Design (06)

Realization of Basic Combinational Functions Like Comparison, Decoding, Multiplexing, Demultiplexing, Design of Half Adder and Full Adder, Design of Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor, BCD Adder, Look Ahead and Carry Generator, Introduction to Carry Propagation Adder, Carry Save Adder.

Unit 3: Sequential Circuits Design (07)

Flip Flops (FFs) and Their Excitation Tables, FF Conversions, Shift Registers, Applications of FFs, Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters, Sequence Generators and Detectors Using Moore And Mealy, Introduction to Algorithmic State Machines (ASM) Charts, Notations, Design of A Simple Controller Using ASM.

Unit 4: Introduction to Computer Organization (07)

Introduction to Computer Organization, Function and Structure of A Computer, Functional Components and Their Interconnection, Register Organization, Number and Size of Registers, General Purpose Registers, Design and Organizational Issues of Registers, Control Unit Organization, Hardwired Vs. Microprogrammed Organization.

Unit 5: Characteristics, Functions and Pipelining of Instructions (07)

Instruction Cycle, Type of Instructions, Types of Operands, Instruction Set Design, Machine Instructions Characteristics, Design Issues of Instructions, Instruction Pipelining, Performance and Hazards of Pipelining, RISC, CISC.

Unit 6: Memory and Input/Output Organization (07)

Memory Devices and Organization, ROM, RAM, EPROM, Flash Memory. Cache Memory Organization, Principles, Cache Design Elements, Performance Characteristics, External Memory Devices and Organization, Hard Disk, Raid, Introduction to Buses, Types of Buses, Bus Organization, DMA Organization, Need, Working Principle.

Text Books:

1. R. P. Jain, “**Modern Digital Electronics**”, *Tata McGraw-Hill*, (3rd Edition), (2003)
2. C. Hamacher, Z. Vranesic and S. Zaky, “**Computer Organization**”, *McGrawHill*, (2002)
3. W. Stallings, “**Computer Organization and Architecture - Designing for Performance**”, *Prentice Hall of India*, (8th edition), (2002)

References:

1. Anil Maini, “**Digital Electronics: Principles and Integrated Circuits**”, *Wiley India Ltd*, (2008)
2. Malvino, D. Leach, “**Digital Principles and Applications**”, *Tata Mc-Graw Hill*, (5th edition)
3. Stephan Brown, ZvonkoVranesic, “**Fundamental of Digital Logic with VHDL Design**”, *Mc-Graw Hill*, (2016)
4. John P Hays, “**Computer Architecture and Organization**”, *McGraw-Hill Publication*, (3rd Edition), (2001)
5. Tanenbaum, “**Structured Computer Organization**”, *Pearson*, (5th Edition)

Web References:

1. NPTEL series – nptel.ac.in/courses/117105080/ (Digital System Design by Prof. D. RoyChoudhary, Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering, IIT Kh.)
2. Online Chapters – WilliamStallings.com/COA/COA8e.html

The subject Digital Systems and Computer Organization is a blend of two divergent subjects like Digital Electronics and Computer Organization. During the tutorial sessions, the students are expected to solve numerical problems based on different concepts of digital electronics. The students are expected to design different combinational and sequential circuits. The students will be given demonstration of digital designs implemented on digital boards.

List of Tutorial Assignments:

1. Solve SOP and POS examples using Boolean algebra and K-maps.
2. Demonstrate half adder and full adder using digital board.
3. Problem solving for number system and code conversions.
4. Problems on BCD operation to understand integer arithmetic.
5. Demonstration of realization of BCD adder using IC 7483.
6. Problem solving of Boolean expression using multiplexer/demultiplexer.
7. Group activity on current trends / methods.
8. Demonstration of open source software tools used in digital electronics.
9. Design of flip flop conversion such as D to JK, JK to D and JK to T.

10. Design a sequence detector for a given binary sequence using Moore and Mealy methods.
11. Demonstration of components of computer system and their interconnections.
12. Identification of addressing modes of x 86 family for given instructions.
13. Group discussion on applications of RISC and CISC architecture.
14. Study of recent trends in computer peripherals.

CE 2105 PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

LABORATORY

Teaching Scheme

Practical : 4 Hrs/Week

Examination Scheme

In Semester : 25 marks

Oral : 25 marks

Credits : 2

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the learners

- 1) To explore the principles of object oriented programming.
- 2) To apply object oriented programming concept for developing applications using Java.
- 3) To apply ArrayList as a Java collection framework for simple application development.
- 4) To handle built-in and user defined exceptions.
- 5) To explore functional language programming in python using simple examples.

Course Outcome:

By taking this course, the learner will be able to

- 1) Design and develop computer programs using the object-oriented concepts.
- 2) Develop programming application using object oriented programming language Java.
- 3) Use ArrayList as a Java collection framework.
- 4) Handle exceptions using inbuilt classes and user defined exceptions.
- 5) Implement functional programming language concepts in python.

A large part of CE 2106 lab would be in understanding the syntax or semantics of languages which fall under various paradigms like Imperative (C++), Object Oriented (C++, Java), Functional and Scripting (Python). Main focus would be on Java programming whereas C++ and Python assignments are of introductory level as an example of programming paradigm. Assignment statements are in brief. Faculty members are encourage to expand problem statements with variations. Assignments can be framed and expanded in such a way that it explores concepts, language constructs, logic of solution and simple application.

List of Assignments:

Group A: (Mandatory)

1. Develop an object oriented program in C++ to create a student information system.
2. Design a user defined abstract data type 'Complex' in Java. Write a program to perform arithmetic operations of two complex numbers.
3. Implement the following concepts by constructing suitable classes in Java-
 - a. Constructors
 - b. Constructor Overloading
 - c. Function Overloading
 - d. Function Overriding
 - e. Inheritance.
4. Implement the following concepts by constructing suitable classes in Java –
 - a. Abstract classes and abstract methods
 - b. Interfaces.
5. Create an application for a book shop and maintain the inventory of books that are being sold at the shop.
6. Write a Python program to count the number of articles in a given text.

Group B: (Any three)

1. Create User defined exception to check the specific conditions for recruitment system and throw the exception if the criterion does not met in Java.
2. Create a student result database in Java. Calculate the grades of students. Decide a criteria for best student and short-list students who satisfies the criteria.
3. Find appropriate class hierarchy in banking application and implement it.
4. Find suitable class hierarchy in the human resource department of an organization and implement it.
5. Write a Java program to perform String operations.

6. Write a Java program to create an abstract data types like Stack/Set/Queue/List as an interface and implement its methods.
7. Write a Python program for sorting students marks.

Group C: (Any one)

1. Design and develop the Game using Java using Applet (e.g. Tic-Tac-Toe).
2. Write a Python program that prompts a user to enter a list of words and store in another list only those words whose first letter occurs again within the word (e.g. Baboon). The program should display resulting list.
3. Write a program in Python using functional paradigm for generating two sub-lists of even and odd numbers from given list. Perform addition of individual sub-list and display the result.

CE 2106 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS I LABORATORY

Teaching Scheme

Practical : 4 Hrs/Week

Examination Scheme

In Semester : 25 Marks

End Semester : 25 Marks

Credits : 2

Prerequisite:

1. ES 1202 Fundamentals of Programming Language - II
2. ES 1206 Fundamentals of Programming Language Laboratory - II

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the learners:

1. To develop algorithmic foundations to solve problems.
2. To select and use appropriate linear data structure for a given problem statement.
3. To analyze algorithms using time complexity.
4. To implement sorting and searching algorithms.

Course Outcome:

By taking this course, the learner will be able to:

1. Select and apply linear data structures for given problem.
2. Design and implement solution for given problem.
3. Compare alternative solution by analysing algorithms using time complexity.
4. Implement sorting and searching algorithms.

The laboratory assignments are designed in a set of group A, B and C such that students will be able to design and implement solution for a given problem. Group A assignments are designed in such a way that students will choose appropriate data structures to implement solution of a given problem. All the units of the syllabus of Data Structures and Algorithms II are covered in group B assignments. Some assignments of group B are designed to make students able to implement Abstract Data Type of a data structure and use it for a given application. In group C assignments students will design an algorithmic solution for selected problem using concepts covered in the subject Data Structures and Algorithms II.

The laboratory assignments of group A and B are to be submitted by student individually using C++/JAVA object oriented programming language. Group C assignments may be performed in a group of 2 to 4 students from the same batch. For each assignment program code with sample output is to be submitted as a soft copy. Handwritten write up (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Algorithms, and Outcomes) of each assignment is to be submitted by students.

List of Assignments

Group A: (Mandatory)

1. Shopkeeper keep a record for different items purchased by customers on a day. Select appropriate data structure and write a program to perform various operations on given information.
2. Design a system to maintain CSI student branch membership information. Choose appropriate data structure.
3. College Library maintains records of books. Write a program to implement sorting, searching operations on it. Use appropriate data structure.
4. Implement Queue as ADT using linked list or array. Use Queue ADT to simulate 'waiting list' operations of railway reservation system.

Group B: (At least six)

1. Implement permutation and combination based on word problem.
2. In a group of M persons, some people can speak English and some people can speak French. Write program to find union, intersection, difference of given sets.

3. Write a program to represent polynomial equation and perform operations to add and evaluate polynomials.
4. Write a program to perform add, multiply, transpose operations on matrices.
5. Write program to perform various operations on strings.
6. A mobile phone list stores name and contact number in ascending order. Write program to search a contact details of specified name.
7. Write a program to store first year CGPA of students. Use various sorting algorithms to sort data.
8. Implement Doubly Linked List as ADT .Use same ADT to simulate Browser URL application.
9. Implement Singly Linked List as ADT. Use same ADT to simulate deck of cards application.
10. Student's information along with their percentage is stored in linked list for every division. Generate a combine list of students which is sorted in descending order based on their percentage.
11. Implement Stack as ADT using linked list or array. Use same ADT to check given expression is well formed parenthesized.
12. Implement Stack as ADT using linked list or array. Use same ADT to evaluate given postfix expression.
13. Implement Priority Queue as ADT using linked list or array. Use ADT to simulate pizza parlor order management.
14. Operating system stores N jobs and processing time require to complete each job in data structure. Design a program to simulate the job execution sequence.

Group C:

Design a game OR Design a small application to manage library data / medical shop data/ College admission data / P.M.P.M.L. bus scheduling data etc. using appropriate data structures.